



SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 08/08/2016

Date of Issue: 08/08/2016

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Carbon/Graphite Products

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Mechanical Component

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

St. Mary's Carbon

259 Eberl St.

St. Mary's PA, 15857

814-781-7333

www.stmaryscarbon.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 814-781-7333 (Hours of Operation: 7:30 a.m.- 4:00 p.m. M-F)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US/CA Classification

Not classified

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US/CA Labeling

No labeling applicable

2.3. Other Hazards

This product is physiologically inert in its massive form. However, user-generated dust and/or fumes may pose a physiological hazard if inhaled or ingested. Avoid inhalation of dusts and fumes. May cause an influenza-like illness. Avoid skin and eye contact with dusts to prevent mechanical irritation. User-generated dust is easily ignited and difficult to extinguish. Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Graphite	(CAS No) 7782-42-5	10 - 50	Comb. Dust
Carbon black	(CAS No) 1333-86-4	5 - 50	Comb. Dust
Coke, petroleum, calcined	(CAS No) 64743-05-1	10 - 50	Comb. Dust STOT RE 2, H373

Note: Studies performed in animals suggest carbon black dust may cause lung cancer via inhalation. Since this product is in a solid form, carbon black is not able to become airborne and cannot be inhaled. Thus the hazards usually associated with carbon black are not applicable to this product.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

*Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Inhalation: For particulates and dust: Using proper respiratory protection, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust. Immediately call a poison center, physician, or emergency medical service.

Skin Contact: For particulates, dust, or fumes from processing: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 5 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: The following applies to the product if it is cut, sanded or altered in such a way that excessive and/or significant particulates and/or dusts may be generated: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation.

Skin Contact: For particulates and dust: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. During processing, dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation.

Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: For particulates and dust: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures. Dust, chips, or ribbons can be ignited more easily, by an ignition source, by improper machining, or by spontaneous combustion if finely divided and damp.

Explosion Hazard: Product itself is not explosive but if dust is generated, dust clouds suspended in air can be explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Irritating fumes, smoke, oxides of carbon and hydrocarbons.

Other Information: Risk of dust explosion.

Reference to Other Sections

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid generating dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dust. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Collect spillage.

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Avoid generation of dust during clean-up of spills.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Dust particles generated from processing may cause an allergic reaction in sensitive individuals. Dust generated from processing may present a dust explosion hazard.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Mechanical Component

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), or Canadian provincial governments.

Graphite (7782-42-5)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except graphite fibers-respirable fraction)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	15 mg/m ³ (synthetic-total dust) 5 mg/m ³ (synthetic-respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	2.5 mg/m ³ (natural-respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	1250 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibres-respirable)
British Columbia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibres-respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibers-respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except graphite fibres)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibers-respirable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibers-respirable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	5 mg/m ³ (synthetic-respirable mass) 10 mg/m ³ (synthetic, total mass)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³ (natural-respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (natural-respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (except Graphite fibres-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (all forms except Graphite fibers-respirable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica,

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

		except Graphite fibres-respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	4 mg/m ³ (natural, except Graphite fibres-respirable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	2 mg/m ³ (natural, except Graphite fibres-respirable fraction)
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	20 mppcf 30 mppcf (synthetic) 10 mg/m ³ (synthetic)
Carbon black (1333-86-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³ (Carbon black in presence of Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons)
USA IDLH	US IDLH (mg/m ³)	1750 mg/m ³
Alberta	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
British Colombia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Nunavut	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Ontario	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)
Québec	VEMP (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL (mg/m ³)	7 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA (mg/m ³)	3.5 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: The following applies to the product if it is cut, sanded or altered in such a way that excessive and/or significant particulates and/or dusts may be generated: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Materials for Protective Clothing: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye Protection: Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Solid
Appearance	: Black
Odor	: None
Odor Threshold	: Not available
pH	: Not available
Evaporation Rate	: Not available
Melting Point	: Not available
Freezing Point	: Not available
Boiling Point	: Not available
Flash Point	: Not available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: Not available
Decomposition Temperature	: Not available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available
Lower Flammable Limit	: Not available
Upper Flammable Limit	: Not available
Vapor Pressure	: Not available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: Not available
Relative Density	: 1.2 - 2 (Water = 1)
Specific Gravity	: Not available
Solubility	: Not available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: Not available
Viscosity	: Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials. Sparks, heat, open flame and other sources of ignition. Dust accumulation (to minimize explosion hazard).
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

- Acute Toxicity (Oral):** Not classified
- Acute Toxicity (Dermal):** Not classified
- Acute Toxicity (Inhalation):** Not classified
- LD50 and LC50 Data:** Not available
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Not classified
- Eye Damage/Irritation:** Not classified
- Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** Not classified
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** Not classified
- Carcinogenicity:** Not classified
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** Not classified
- Reproductive Toxicity:** Not classified
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure):** Not classified
- Aspiration Hazard:** Not classified
- Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** Dust may be harmful or cause irritation.

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: For particulates and dust: Prolonged exposure may cause skin irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. During processing, dusts caused from milling and physical alteration will likely cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: For particulates and dust: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 8000 mg/kg
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
IARC Group	2B
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	5600 mg/l (Exposure time: 24 h - Species: Daphnia magna)

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Carbon/Graphite Products	
Persistence and Degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Carbon/Graphite Products	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

12.4. Mobility in Soil Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, provincial, territorial, and international regulations

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT Not regulated for transport

14.2. In Accordance with IMDG Not regulated for transport

14.3. In Accordance with IATA Not regulated for transport

14.4. In Accordance with TDG Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Graphite (7782-42-5)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Carbon black (1333-86-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
Coke, petroleum, calcined (64743-05-1)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. US State Regulations

Carbon black (1333-86-4)

SDS 12

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
--	---

Graphite (7782-42-5) U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
--

Carbon black (1333-86-4) U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
--

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Graphite (7782-42-5) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
--

Carbon black (1333-86-4) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
--

Coke, petroleum, calcined (64743-05-1) Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)
--

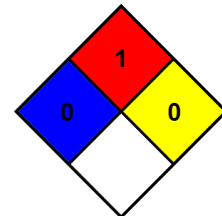
SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 08/08/2016
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR).

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
Comb. Dust	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

NFPA Health Hazard : 0 - Exposure under fire conditions would offer no hazard beyond that of ordinary combustible materials.
NFPA Fire Hazard : 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.
NFPA Reactivity Hazard : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.



HMIS III Rating
Health : 0 Minimal Hazard - No significant risk to health
Flammability : 1 Slight Hazard
Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

NA GHS SDS 2015 (US, Can)